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We developed an ab-initio time-dependent wavefunction based theory for the description of may-body systems of bosons. The theory is based on a configurational interaction *Ansatz* for the many-body wavefunction with time-dependent self-consistent-field orbitals. The active space of the orbital excitations is subject to restrictions to be specified based on the physical situation at hand. The restrictions on the active space allow the theory to be evaluated under conditions where other wavefunction based methods, due to exponential scaling in the numerical efforts, cannot. The restrictions also allow us to clearly identify the excitations that are important for an accurate description, significantly beyond the mean-field approach. We first apply this theory to compute the ground-state energy of hundred trapped bosons, and second to simulate the dynamics following an instantaneous quenching of a non-contact interaction. The method provides a new way to gain insight in correlation effects.